Multiple Choice—2 points each
Mark the letter of the correct answer on your Scantron sheet.

1) Which day did FDR refer to when he said, “A date which will live in infamy”?
   (a) December 3, 1941
   (b) **December 7, 1941**
   (c) December 16, 1941
   (d) December 25, 1941

2) Why did Jewish families go into hiding during WWII?
   (a) Jewish families were unable to afford where they were living.
   (b) British soldiers wanted Jewish families to be safe.
   (c) **Germans were capturing Jews and holding/killing them in concentration camps.**
   (d) Soviets were capturing Jews and holding/killing them in concentration camps.

3) **Why was island hopping important?**
   (a) It was a popular dance during the 1940s that helped lift morale on the home front.
   (b) It helped increase trade between America and the Caribbean islands during WWII.
   (c) It enabled island tribes to move between islands in order to escape the fighting during WWII.
   (d) **It allowed America to capture key islands in the Pacific and use them in order to get closer to Japan.**

4) Which of these things did **NOT** happen on the home front during WWII?
   (a) *Children went to work in factories to help support their families.*
   (b) *Women joined the workforce in large numbers.*
   (c) *Americans of Japanese descent were kept in internment camps.*
   (d) *Large amounts of propaganda influenced Americans to support the war.*

5) What was **most** important about *The Battle of the Bulge*?
   (a) It proved that both the Axis and Allies had a strong resolve to win the war.
   (b) *It allowed the Americans to capture Iwo Jima.*
   (c) It helped a lot of people lose weight.
   (d) *It was the last major Nazi offensive.*

6) Which of the following was **NOT** an underlying cause of the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor?
   (a) Japan had become very aggressive in East Asia.
   (b) **Japan and America were on friendly terms in the 1920s.**
   (c) America had refused to sell Japan natural resources.
   (d) Japan did not expect America to fight back for very long.
7) Which government does this graphic organizer describe?
   (a) Nationalism
   (b) Democracy
   (c) Anarchy
   (d) Fascism

8) The 1919 Treaty of Versailles ended WWI. It also stated that Germany had to
   ________________________________________________________________
   (a) become an ally with the Nation of Japan.
   (b) pay thousands of dollars in reparations.
   (c) accept Hitler as its leader.
   (d) be ruled by America.

9) During WWII, which countries made up the Allied Powers?
   (a) Japan, Germany and Italy
   (b) France, Germany and America
   (c) The Soviet Union, Great Britain, Japan and Canada
   (d) America, Great Britain, The Soviet Union and Canada

10) During the late 1930s, Hitler “bullied” Europe. In order to avoid another world war,
    what policy did Great Britain adopt?
    (a) Appeasement
    (b) Reparation
    (c) Lend-Lease
    (d) Isolationism

11) Which countries did America declare war on in 1941?
    (a) Japan, Italy and Germany
    (b) Japan, Italy and France
    (c) The Soviet Union, Britain and Germany
    (d) The Soviet Union, Italy and Japan
12) Why did America enter WWII?
(a) Germany declared war on Japan.
(b) We wanted to end the Holocaust.
(c) Japan bombed Pearl Harbor.
(d) Europe needed help to beat Stalin.

13) What does this propaganda poster tell us about life on the American home front during WWII?
(a) People were afraid to ride in cars alone.
(b) People bought more cars during WWII.
(c) People were encouraged to conserve fuel.
(d) People rode public transportation too often.

14) This battle was the “turning point in the Pacific.”
(a) Midway
(b) Iwo Jima
(c) Tarawa
(d) Coral Sea

15) What was the significance of the North African Campaign?
(a) Its failure caused FDR's death.
(b) Its failure caused WWII to last longer.
(c) Its success allowed Rome to be liberated.
(d) Its success allowed Leningrad to be liberated.
16) This German woman is burning Germany money in her wood stove in order to heat her home. What does this picture tell us about the conditions in Germany after WWI?

(a) Inflation caused German money to be worthless.
(b) Inflation caused German money to be valuable.
(c) There was a shortage of firewood.
(d) Germans did not want to share their money.

17) After WWI, Adolf Hitler came to power in Germany. Why did the German people choose to follow him?

(a) He threatened to kill them if they refused.
(b) The rest of the world thought he was a good leader.
(c) He promised to restore them to their prewar status.
(d) They were afraid of the other European countries.

18) Why are “Little Boy” and “Fat Man” significant to WWII?

(a) These were the nicknames FDR gave to Hitler and Mussolini.
(b) They were the atomic bombs dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki.
(c) These were the code names given to the D-Day invasion and the Battle of the Bulge.
(d) They were singers who visited the war front and helped raise morale for the troops.

19) Why are the Navajo significant to WWII?

(a) They served as medics and helped save hundreds of lives.
(b) They were placed in internment camps in the South West.
(c) They helped America win the war against Germany.
(d) They developed an unbreakable code in the Pacific.
20) During which WWII battle was this picture taken?

(a) The Battle of Midway Island
(b) The Battle of Iwo Jima
(c) The battle of Stalingrad
(d) The Battle of the Bulge

21) "You are about to embark upon the great crusade toward which we have striven these many months. The eyes of the world are upon you...I have full confidence in your courage, devotion to duty and skill in battle."

The general in charge of the D-Day Invasion said this. Who was he?
(a) General Douglas MacArthur
(b) General George Marshall
(c) General John Pershing
(d) General Dwight Eisenhower

22) What landmark event occurred for African-Americans on the home front during WWII?
(a) They were not allowed to work in factories.
(b) Racial discrimination against them decreased.
(c) The KKK broke up because it realized how important African-Americans were to the military.
(d) The Supreme Court ruled that the KKK was in violation of several Constitutional Amendments.

23) The bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki led to the ______________________
(a) use of island hopping.
(b) assassination of Tojo.
(c) surrender of Japan.
(d) surrender of Germany.
24) Why is this family wearing a star on their clothing?
(a) To indicate that they had a disease.
(b) **To indicate that they were Jews.**
(c) To indicate that they were immigrants.
(d) To indicate that they were Soviets.

25) After WWII ended, why did the Allied powers divide Germany?
(a) To help Germany become a stronger nation after its crushing defeat.
(b) So that implementing the Marshall Plan would be easier.
(c) **To prevent Germany from threatening European peace and security again.**
(d) The German government requested their country be split.

26) What did Japan do after WWII?
(a) **Disarmed the military.**
(b) Built a stronger military.
(c) Took part in the Cold War.
(d) Joined the League of Nations.

27) During WWII, what were Germany, Italy and Japan known as?
(a) **The Axis Powers**
(b) The Allied Powers
(c) The Central Powers
(d) The Bottom Powers

28) Which general was known as “The Desert Fox”?
(a) Douglas MacArthur
(b) **Erwin Rommel**
(c) George Patton
(d) Heinrich Himmler
29) This battle was the “turning point of the war” in Eastern Europe.
   (a) The Battle of the Bulge
   (b) The Battle of Britain
   (c) **The Battle of Stalingrad**
   (d) The Battle of Midway

30) Which country did Germany invade first?
   (a) France
   (b) Holland
   (c) The Soviet Union
   (d) **Poland**

31) In the late 1930s, the isolationists in Congress tried to keep the United States out of war by
   (a) passing the Neutrality Acts.
   (b) establishing the Atlantic Charter.
   (c) passing the Lend-Lease Act.
   (d) approving Operation Overlord.

32) Which of the following was a cause of World War II?
   (a) violation of the Treaty of Versailles
   (b) failure of the Roosevelt Corollary
   (c) approval of the Atlantic Charter
   (d) passage of the Neutrality Acts

33) Which opinion correctly describes fascism?
   (a) “Government should own all the factories and farms.”
   (b) “The purpose of government is to protect the rights of the people.”
   (c) “Government needs to collect high taxes in order to provide services.”
   (d) “A strong dictatorship is the best form of government.”

34) What event caused the Soviet Union to become allied with the United States and Great Britain?
   (a) Hitler’s violation of the German-Soviet Non-Aggression Pact
   (b) Stalin’s defeat at the Battle of Stalingrad
   (c) Franklin Roosevelt’s plan to invade France on D-Day
   (d) Winston Churchill’s vow to gain victory in the Battle of the Bulge
35) There was an anti-Semitic culture in some parts of Europe. What does this mean?
(a) Some Jews became professors of law.
(b) Some laws were passed to raise taxes on Jews.
(c) Jews suffered discrimination based on their religion.
(d) Jews were forced to marry non-Jews.

36) How many of its neighboring countries had Germany not conquered by 1940?
(a) one
(b) two
(c) five
(d) eight

37) Which country used kamikaze attacks during WWII?
(a) Japan
(b) America
(c) Germany
(d) Soviet Union

38) Throughout WWII, the United States government called for rationing. This meant that Americans had to __________________________
(a) recycle materials such as scrap iron.
(b) volunteer to join various homeland defense organizations.
(c) limit their purchases of certain goods, such as gasoline, sugar, and meat.
(d) share their goods and resources with poor people in their communities.

39) V-E Day is the day in which ________________________ is remembered.
(a) the Holocaust
(b) Japan’s defeat
(c) Franklin Roosevelt
(d) Germany’s defeat
40) Which of the following best completes the chart above?
(a) Reorganized and then banned the Nazi Party
(b) Maintained the Germans right to speak freely
(c) Developed a plan known as the Final Solution
(d) Promoted the Jews as the “Aryan” race

41) What are the characteristics of blitzkrieg?
(a) Sudden violent attacks by air and land.
(b) Overthrow of totalitarian government.
(c) Negotiations between countries at the end of war.
(d) Defensive line of trenches used to protect countries.

42) During WWII, women in the United States did all of the following except:
(a) purchased war bonds to support the war.
(b) worked in factories making war time goods.
(c) created a secret code that was unbreakable by the Japanese.
(d) planted victory gardens so their families would have food.
43) This headline refers to the government policy of _________________________
   (a) treatment of Japanese casualties of WWII.
   (b) removal of Japanese prisoners of war.
   (c) using the atomic bomb in Japan.
   (d) relocating Japanese Americans to internment camps.

44) Approximately how many years did the war rage in Europe before the United States entered?
   (a) two
   (b) four
   (c) six
   (d) eight

45) Which of the following is incorrectly linked with his country?
   (a) USA; Truman
   (b) Japan; Joseph Stalin
   (c) Italy; Mussolini
   (d) Britain; Winston Churchill

46) When did D-Day occur?
   (a) September 1, 1939
   (b) December 7, 1941
   (c) June 6, 1944
   (d) May 8, 1945

47) The Allies successfully captured the following areas from German forces. Which of the following show the Allies' invasion in the correct order?
   (a) Italy, North Africa, France, and lastly Germany
   (b) France, North Africa, Italy and lastly Germany
   (c) North Africa, Italy, France, and lastly Germany
   (d) North Africa, France, Italy, and lastly Germany
48) According to graph above, between 1941 and 1943 the number of women in the aviation industry
(a) increased dramatically.
(b) decreased slightly.
(c) did not change significantly.
(d) the chart does not give necessary information.

49) According to the map above, which of the following Japanese cities did the Allied forces attack first?
(a) Tokyo
(b) Osaka
(c) Hiroshima
(d) Nagasaki

50) All of the following were effects of World War II except, ____________________
(a) the end of the American Great Depression.
(b) the extermination of nearly six million Jews.
(c) the punishment of Nazis accused of war crimes.
(d) the rebuilding of American cities attacked by Germany.
Inclusion Only
Short Answer: 5 Points
Below are the effects of WWII. Which one do you think is the most important and why? Make sure your answer includes 3 sentences.

- War Crimes Trials
- Division of Germany
- Marshall Plan
- Berlin Airlift
- Japan got rid of its military
- US Occupies Japan
- Creation of the United Nations
- US became a superpower

Extra Credit: 5 Points
If you answer this question, you will get 5 EXTRA CREDIT POINTS on your test!!!! During WWII, life changed a lot for Americans on the home front. Using at least 3 sentences, explain some of these changes.
Visions Only
A-bomb Essay: 10 Points

WWII saw the creation of many new types of technology and weapons. Perhaps the most destructive of these was the atomic bomb. Write an essay that answers the following questions: Why was the atomic bomb developed? What name was given to this project? Why did America drop the atomic bombs and who authorized their use? Was the country they were used on warned beforehand? When and where were they dropped and what happened afterward? Finally, what is your opinion of this? Do you think America was right to drop the atomic bombs or do you think there was a better way to end the war? Justify your position.

This essay is worth 10 points and should include an introduction and conclusion. Both the introduction and conclusion should consist of at least 3 sentences each. Your essay should also have a main body and be well-written. Use the included rubric to help you as you write.
# Atomic Bomb Essay Rubric

<table>
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| 10 points | Essay includes **ALL** of the following:  
14) 3-sentence introduction  
15) 3-sentence conclusion  
16) Main Body  
17) Information about the development of the A-bombs  
18) Why the A-bombs were dropped and who authorized this  
19) When & where the A-bombs were dropped  
20) Results of the A-bombs being dropped  
21) Why you think America should or should not have dropped the A-bombs  
Essay is well-written and structure is sound. |
| 7 points | Essay includes the following:  
51) 3-sentence introduction OR 3-sentence conclusion  
52) Main Body  
Information about the development of the A-bombs  
Why the A-bombs were dropped and who authorized this  
When & where the A-bombs were dropped  
Results of the A-bombs being dropped  
53) Why you think America should or should not have dropped the A-bombs  
Essay is well-written but structure may be a little weak. |
| 5 points | Essay includes the following:  
54) 3-sentence introduction OR 3-sentence conclusion  
55) Main Body  
Essay includes 3 or 4 of the following:  
Information about the development of the A-bombs  
Why the A-bombs were dropped and who authorized this  
When & where the A-bombs were dropped  
Results of the A-bombs being dropped  
Why you think America should or should not have dropped the A-bombs  
Essay structure is weak. |
| 3 points | Essay includes the following:  
56) Main Body  
Essay includes only 2 of the following:  
Information about the development of the A-bombs  
(e) When & where the A-bombs were dropped  
(f) Why the A-bombs were dropped  
(g) Results of the A-bombs being dropped  
(d) Why you think America should or should not have dropped the A-bombs  
Essay structure is weak. |
| 0 | Essay non-existent. |